

NAME _____

DATE _____

QUADRATIC FORMULA: Worksheet 1

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Identify a , b , and c . Find the discriminant ($b^2 - 4ac$) and name the number of solutions (0, 1 or 2) for each equation.

1) $x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$

2) $x^2 + 3x + 10 = 0$

3) $x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

4) $x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$

5) $-x^2 + 4x = 2$

6) $7x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

Use the quadratic formula to solve each quadratic equation. If necessary, round answers to the nearest hundredth.

7) $2x^2 + 4x - 7 = 0$

8) $2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$

9) $3x^2 + 4x = -30$

10) $5x^2 + 13x - 1 = 0$

11) $5x^2 + 16x - 84 = 0$

12) $7x^2 + 100x - 4 = 0$

Use the formula $h_o = -16t^2 + vt + h_i$ to solve the following. If necessary, round answers to the nearest hundredth.

- 13) Carol dove into a swimming pool from a 15 foot high diving board. Her initial upward velocity was 8 feet per second. Find the time (t) in seconds it took Carol to enter the water.
- 14) Jerry threw a ball upward with a starting velocity of 30 feet per second. The ball was 6 feet high when it left his hand. How many seconds (t) did it take for the ball to hit the ground?

KEY

QUADRATIC FORMULA: Worksheet 1

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Identify a , b , and c . Find the discriminant ($b^2 - 4ac$) and name the number of solutions (0, 1 or 2) for each equation.

1) $x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1, b = 4, c = 3 \\ b^2 - 4ac &= 4 \\ \text{Solutions} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

2) $x^2 + 3x + 10 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1, b = 3, c = 10 \\ b^2 - 4ac &= -31 \\ \text{Solutions} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

3) $x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1, b = -2, c = 1 \\ b^2 - 4ac &= 0 \\ \text{Solutions} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

4) $x^2 + 5x + 2 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 1, b = 5, c = 2 \\ b^2 - 4ac &= 17 \\ \text{Solutions} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

5) $-x^2 + 4x = 2$

$$\begin{aligned} -x^2 + 4x - 2 &= 0 \\ a &= -1, b = 4, c = -2 \\ b^2 - 4ac &= 8 \\ \text{Solutions} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

6) $7x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 7, b = -2, c = 1 \\ b^2 - 4ac &= -24 \\ \text{Solutions} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Use the quadratic formula to solve each quadratic equation. If necessary, round answers to the nearest hundredth.

7) $2x^2 + 4x - 7 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 2, b = 4, c = -7 \\ x &= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4(2)(-7)}}{2(2)} \\ x &= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{72}}{4} = \frac{-4 \pm 8.49}{4} \end{aligned}$$

8) $2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 2, b = 5, c = 3 \\ x &= \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{5^2 - 4(2)(3)}}{2(2)} \\ x &= \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{1}}{4} = \frac{-5 \pm 1}{4} \end{aligned}$$

$\{1.12, -3.12\}$

$\{1, -1.5\}$

9) $3x^2 + 4x = -30$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x^2 + 4x + 30 &= 0 \\ a = 3, b = 4, c = 30 \\ x &= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4(3)(30)}}{2(3)} \\ x &= \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{-344}}{6} \\ b^2 - 4ac &< 0 \end{aligned}$$

Solutions : NONE

10) $5x^2 + 13x - 1 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 5, b = 13, c = -1 \\ x &= \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{13^2 - 4(5)(-1)}}{2(5)} \\ x &= \frac{-13 \pm \sqrt{189}}{10} = \frac{-13 \pm 13.75}{10} \end{aligned}$$

$\{0.075, -2.68\}$

11) $5x^2 + 16x - 84 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 5, b = 16, c = -84 \\ x &= \frac{-16 \pm \sqrt{16^2 - 4(5)(-84)}}{2(5)} \\ x &= \frac{-16 \pm \sqrt{1936}}{10} = \frac{-16 \pm 44}{10} \end{aligned}$$

$\{2.8, -6\}$

12) $7x^2 + 100x - 4 = 0$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 7, b = 100, c = -4 \\ x &= \frac{-100 \pm \sqrt{100^2 - 4(7)(-4)}}{2(7)} \\ x &= \frac{-100 \pm \sqrt{10,112}}{14} = \frac{-100 \pm 100.56}{14} \end{aligned}$$

$\{0.04, -14.33\}$

Use the formula $h_o = -16t^2 + vt + h_i$ to solve the following. If necessary, round answers to the nearest hundredth.

- 13) Carol dove into a swimming pool from a 15 foot high diving board. Her initial upward velocity was 8 feet per second. Find the time (t) in seconds it took Carol to enter the water.

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= -16t^2 + 8t + 15 \\ a &= -16, b = 8, c = 15 \\ t &= \frac{-8 \pm \sqrt{8^2 - 4(-16)(15)}}{2(-16)} \\ t &= \frac{-8 \pm \sqrt{1024}}{-32} = \frac{-8 \pm 32}{-32} \end{aligned}$$

$\{1.25, -7.5\}$

$t = 1.25$ seconds

- 14) Jerry threw a ball upward with a starting velocity of 30 feet per second. The ball was 6 feet high when it left his hand. How many seconds (t) did it take for the ball to hit the ground?

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= -16t^2 + 30t + 6 \\ a &= -16, b = 30, c = 6 \\ t &= \frac{-30 \pm \sqrt{30^2 - 4(-16)(6)}}{2(-16)} \\ t &= \frac{-30 \pm \sqrt{1284}}{-32} = \frac{-30 \pm 35.83}{-32} \end{aligned}$$

$\{2.06, -1.8\}$

$t = 2.06$ seconds